



Summit County Public Health Influenza Surveillance Report 2021 – 2022 Season



Public Health
Prevent. Promote. Protect.

Report #19

Flu Surveillance Weeks 19 & 20 (2/6/2022 to 2/19/2022)

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention MMWR Weeks 6 & 7

Summit County Surveillance Data:

In **Week 20** of influenza surveillance, influenza-related activity remained a minimal level in Ohio and Summit County; COVID-19 activity in Summit County dropped to the CDC category Substantial and continued to decrease.

Table 1: Overall Influenza Activity Indicators in Summit County by week				
	Week 19 MMWR 6 N (%)¹	Week 20 MMWR 7 N (%)¹	Percent change from previous week	No. of weeks increasing or decreasing
Lab Reports: Influenza				
Test Performed	728	657	- 9.8%	↓7
Positive Tests (Number and %)	22 (3.0)	20 (3.0)	+ 0.7%	NC
Influenza A (Number and %)	22 (3.0)	20 (3.0)	+ 0.7%	NC
Influenza B (Number and %)	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	--	--
Lab Reports: COVID-19				
Test Performed	2218	2041	- 8.0%	↓1
Positive Tests (Number and %)	177 (8.0)	133 (6.5)	- 18.3%	↓7
Acute care hospitalizations for Influenza:	2	2	--	NC
Acute care hospitalizations for COVID-19:	77	75	- 2.6%	↓6
Pharmacy Prescriptions				
Zanamivir (Relenza)	0	0	--	--
Oseltamivir (Tamiflu)	0	0	--	--
Baloxavir marboxil (Xofluza)	0	0	--	--
Peramivir (Rapivab)	0	0	--	--
<i>Total</i>	0	0	--	--
Schools absenteeism²	8.4%	8.3%	- 1.2%	↓1
Deaths (occurred in Summit County)				
Total deaths certified	165	185	+ 12.1%	↑1
Pneumonia associated	18 (10.9)	20 (10.8)	- 0.9%	NC
Influenza associated	0 (0.0)	0 (0.0)	--	--
COVID-19 associated	31 (18.8)	19 (10.3)	- 45.3%	↓3
Emergency room visits (EpiCenter)³ (Figure 3)				
Total ED Visits	5570	5384	- 3.3%	↓1
Constitutional Complaints	412 (7.4)	396 (7.4)	- 0.6%	NC
Fever and ILI	60 (1.1)	59 (1.1)	+ 1.7%	↑3
1) N and % are reported when available				
2) Absence is for any reason. Percent is from total number of students enrolled. Data was collected from 12 schools or school districts throughout Summit County (n = approx. 32,000 students)				
3) Percent is from total number of emergency room interactions				
Note: Data is provisional and may be updated as more information is received. Percentages should be interpreted with caution. Small changes in number can result in large changes in percent. When a percentage, or prevalence, is available in this table, the percent change will be calculated from those values				

Lab reports: During the Week 20 of influenza surveillance, reporting Summit County facilities performed 657 flu tests, of which 20 had positive results (20 Type A, 0 Type B). 2,041 COVID-19 tests were completed by reporting partners, with a positivity rate of 6.5% in Week 20 (a 18.3% decrease) (**Figure 4**) **Note: Influenza and COVID-19 testing data are collected from selected reporting partners and do not represent positivity rates for the entire county.**

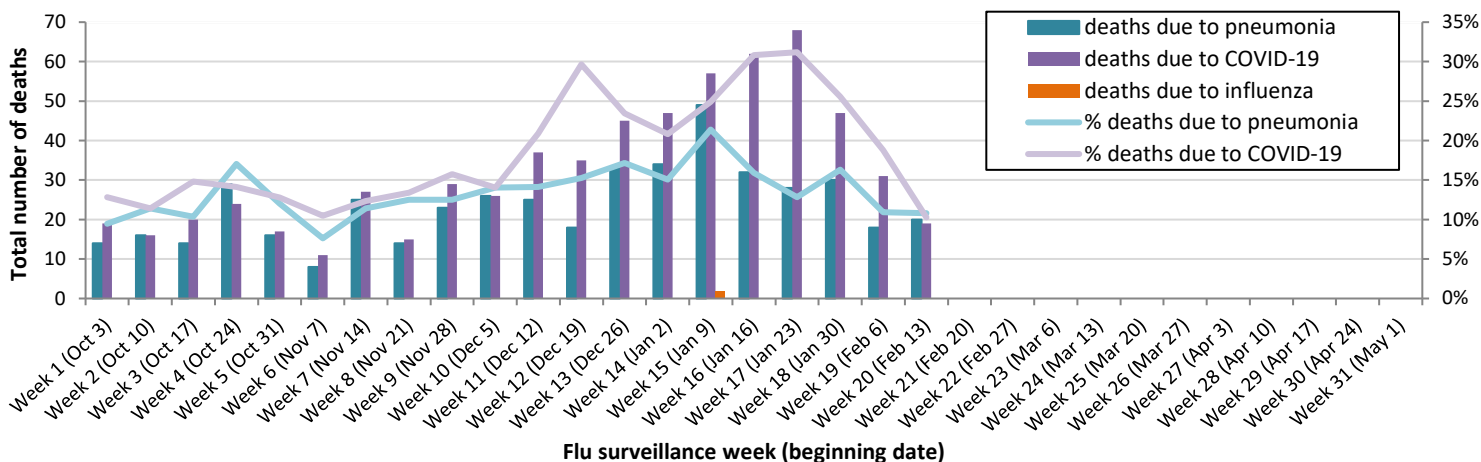
Acute Care Hospitalizations: There were two reported influenza and 75 COVID-19 admissions during Week 20. **Figure 2** displays hospitalizations in Summit County.

Pharmacies: Zero prescriptions for CDC-approved antiviral medications was reported during Week 20.

School absenteeism includes absences regardless of reason. During Week 20, the absence rate was 8.3%, a small decrease of 1.2% from the prior week.

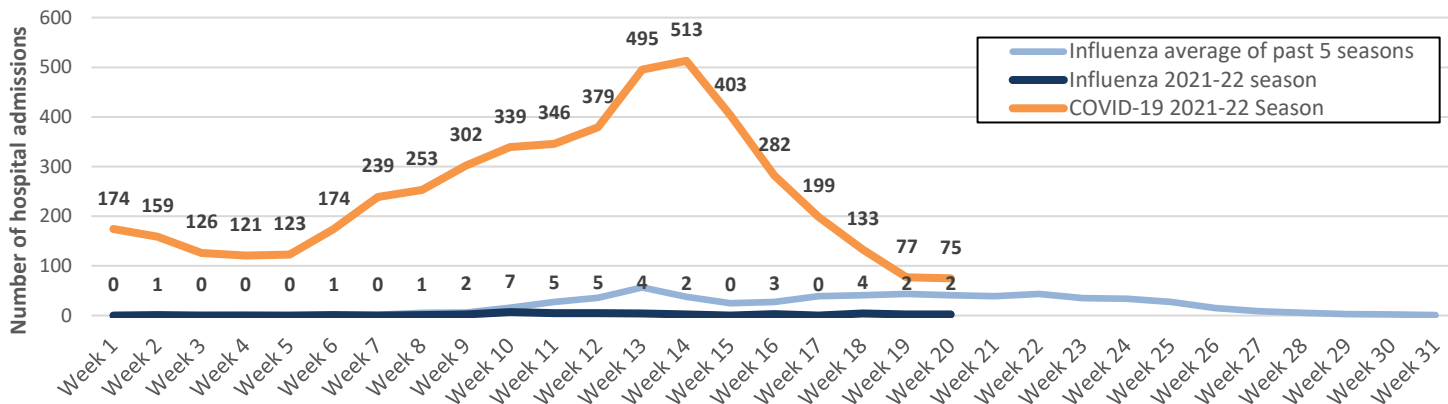
Zero deaths related to influenza, 20 pneumonia deaths and 19 COVID-19 related deaths were reported during Week 20. The rates of pneumonia deaths decreased by less than one percent and COVID-19 deaths decreased by 45.3%. **Figure 1** displays weekly counts of deaths occurring in Summit County associated with pneumonia, COVID-19 and influenza.

Figure 1. Weekly Summit County death counts associated with pneumonia and influenza during 2021-2022 season



Hospitalizations: In Week 20, participating Summit County hospitals reported two influenza-associated hospitalizations and 75 COVID-19 admissions. **Figure 2** displays weekly confirmed hospitalization counts for Summit County (**influenza cumulative count to date = 39**).

Figure 2. Summit County influenza and COVID-19 associated hospitalizations by week, 2021-2022 season



EpiCenter collects and analyzes health related data in real time to provide information about the health of the community. This system tracks ER visits related to constitutional complaints and fever and ILI. **Figures 3** displays the weekly number of ER visits related to ILI and flu symptoms in Summit County. There were 59 ILI-related visits reported during Week 20, which was 1.1% of total ED visits (n = 5,384). This rate was 1.7% higher than the ILI rate during Week 19.

Figure 3. Weekly ED visits in Summit County related to Fever + ILI stratified by age groups, 2021 to 2022 season

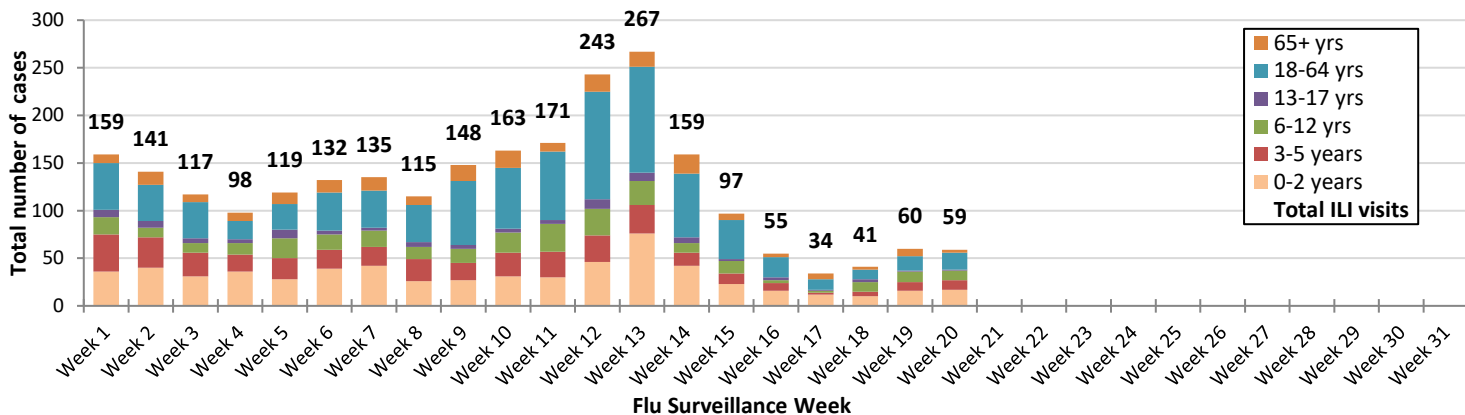
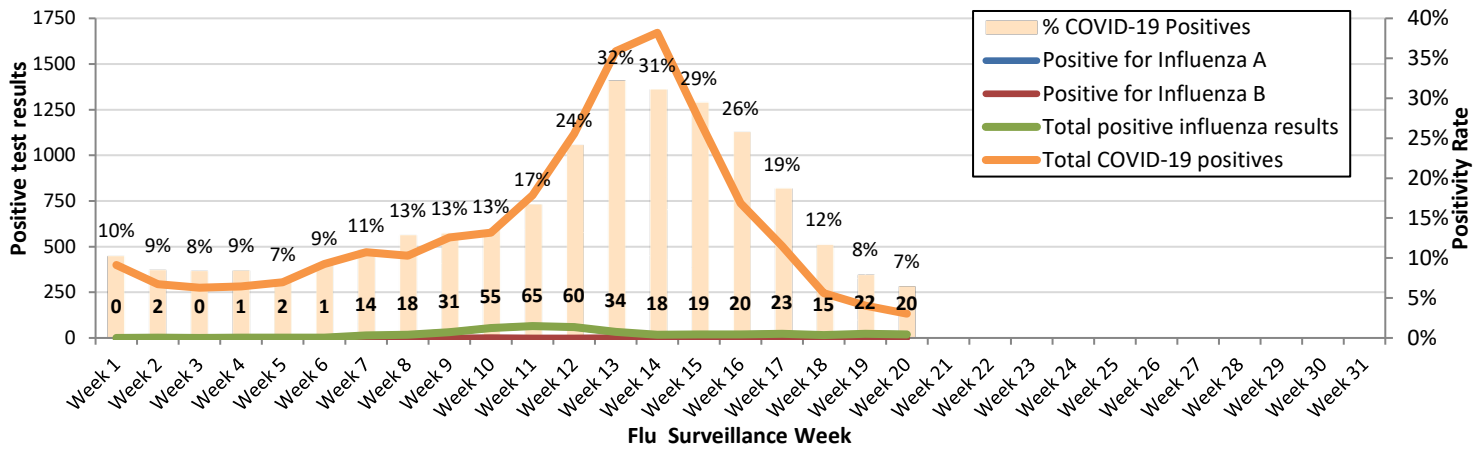


Figure 4. Influenza diagnostic tests with positive results completed by Summit County health facilities, 2021 - 2022 season



Ohio Influenza Activity: from the Ohio Department of Health:

Current Ohio Activity Level (Geographic Spread) – Minimal

During MMWR Week 7, public health surveillance data sources indicate Minimal intensity for influenza-like illness (ILI) in outpatient settings reported by Ohio’s sentinel ILINet providers. The percentage of emergency department visits with patients exhibiting constitutional symptoms decreased and Fever/ILI specified ED visits increased slightly but are below baseline levels statewide. Reported cases of influenza-associated hospitalizations are above the seasonal threshold*. There were 56 influenza-associated hospitalizations reported during MMWR Week 7.

Ohio Influenza Activity Summary Dashboard (February 13 - 19, 2022):

Data Source	Current week value	Percent Change from last week ¹	# of weeks ²	Trend Chart ³
Influenza-like Illness (ILI) Outpatient Data (ILINet Sentinel Provider Visits)	1.78%	14.84%	↑ 1	
Thermometer Sales (National Retail Data Monitor) ⁴	0.31%	-8.82%	↓ 4	
Fever and ILI Specified ED Visits (EpiCenter)	1.26%	5.00%	↑ 1	
Constitutional ED Visits (EpiCenter)	7.81%	-3.46%	↓ 7	
Confirmed Influenza-associated Hospitalizations (Ohio Disease Reporting System)	56	55.56%	↑ 3	

¹Interpret percent changes with caution. Large variability may be exhibited in data sources with low weekly values.

²Number of weeks that the % change is increasing or decreasing.

³Black lines represent current week’s data; red lines represent baseline averages. The 2020-2021 influenza season has been omitted from the five-year baseline averages due to abnormal counts reported during the COVID-19 pandemic. A five-year average, which includes data from the 2015-2016 season through the 2019-2020 season, is displayed.

⁴Due to abnormally high thermometer sales during the COVID-19 pandemic, the 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 season data has been omitted. A 4-year average, which includes data from the 2015-2016 season through the 2018-2019 season, is shown.

Source: <https://odh.ohio.gov/wps/portal/gov/odh/know-our-programs/seasonal-influenza/influenza-dashboard>

Ohio Surveillance Data:

- The **Ohio Department of Health Laboratory** has tested 432 specimens for influenza during the 2021-2022 influenza season: of these, **1 tested positive for influenza A(H1N1pdm09), 382 for influenza A(H3N2), 5 for influenza B, and 1 for swine variant influenza A(H3N2v)** (through 2/19/2022).
- The **National Respiratory and Enteric Virus Surveillance System (NREVSS)** and **U.S. World Health Organization (WHO) Collaborating Laboratories** reported **135,946** tests for influenza performed at participating facilities; **8 tested positive for influenza A(H1N1pdm09), 679 for influenza A(H3N2), 2,692 for influenza A (subtyping not performed), and 57 for influenza B and 1 for swine variant influenza A(H3N2v)** (through 2/12/2022).
- No **pediatric influenza-associated mortalities** have been reported so far during the 2021-2022 influenza season (through 2/19/2022).
- One **novel influenza A virus infection** has been reported so far during the 2021-2022 influenza season (through 2/19/2022).
- Incidence of confirmed **influenza-associated hospitalizations** in 2021-2022 season = 629 (through 2/19/2022).

National Surveillance: from Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC):

Sporadic influenza activity continues across the country. In some areas, influenza activity is increasing.

National Outpatient Illness Surveillance:

Nationwide during Week 7, 1.5% of patient visits reported through ILINet were due to respiratory illness that included fever plus a cough or sore throat, also referred to as ILI. This percentage is below the national baseline. All 10 HHS regions are below their region-specific baselines. Multiple respiratory viruses are co-circulating, and the relative contribution of influenza virus infection to ILI varies by location.

Figure 5. Percentage of visits for influenza-like illness (ILI) reported by the U.S. Outpatient Influenza-like Surveillance Network (ILINet), Weekly National Summary, 2021-2022 and selected previous seasons

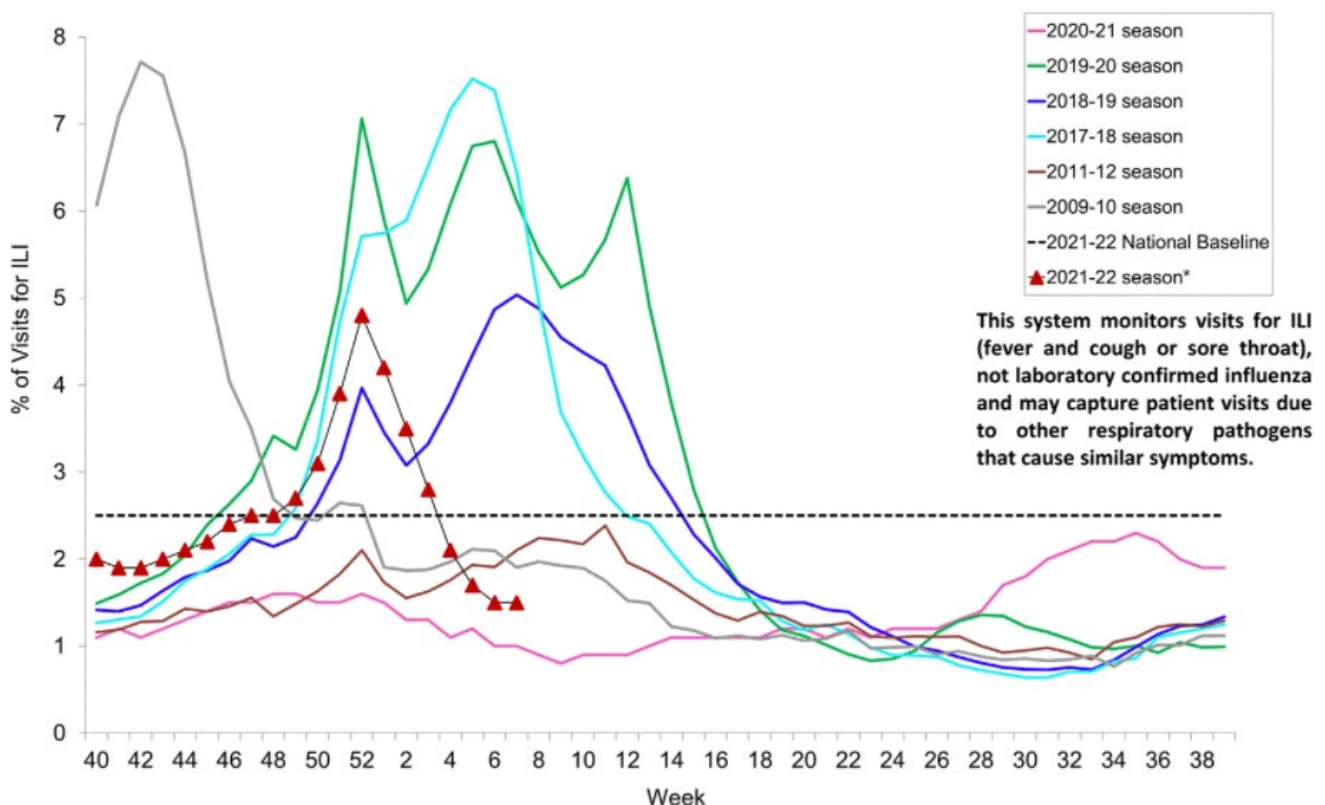
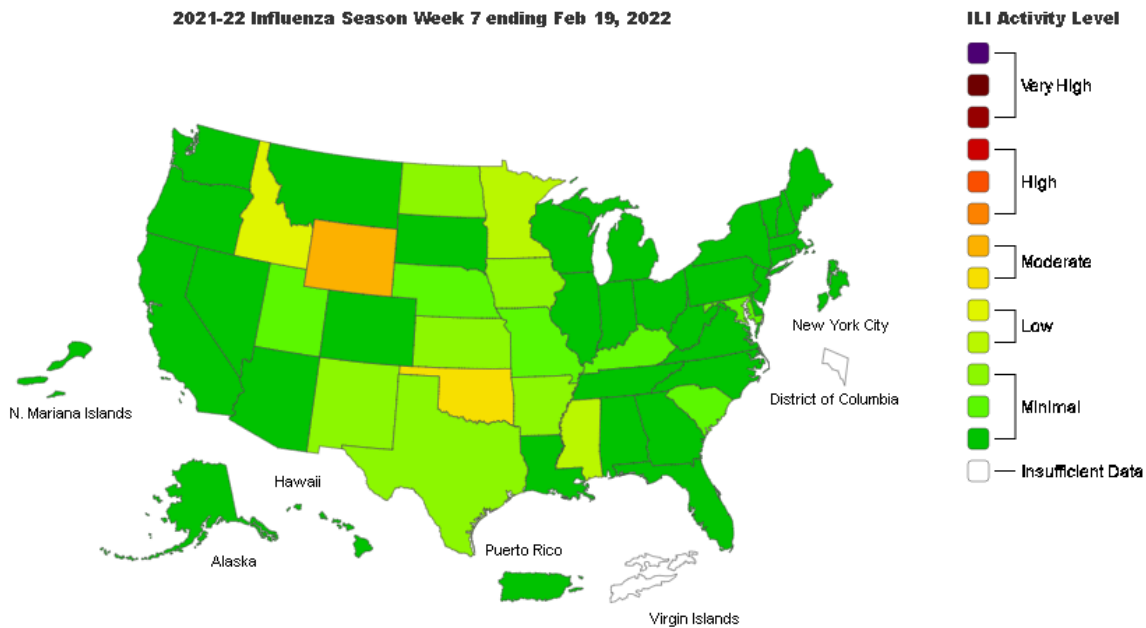


Figure 6. Influenza-like illness (ILI) activity level indicator determined by data reported to ILINet



Source: <https://www.cdc.gov/flu/weekly/>

Global Surveillance:

Influenza Update N° 413, World Health Organization (WHO), published 21 February 2022, based on data up to 6 February 2022. The Update is published every two weeks.

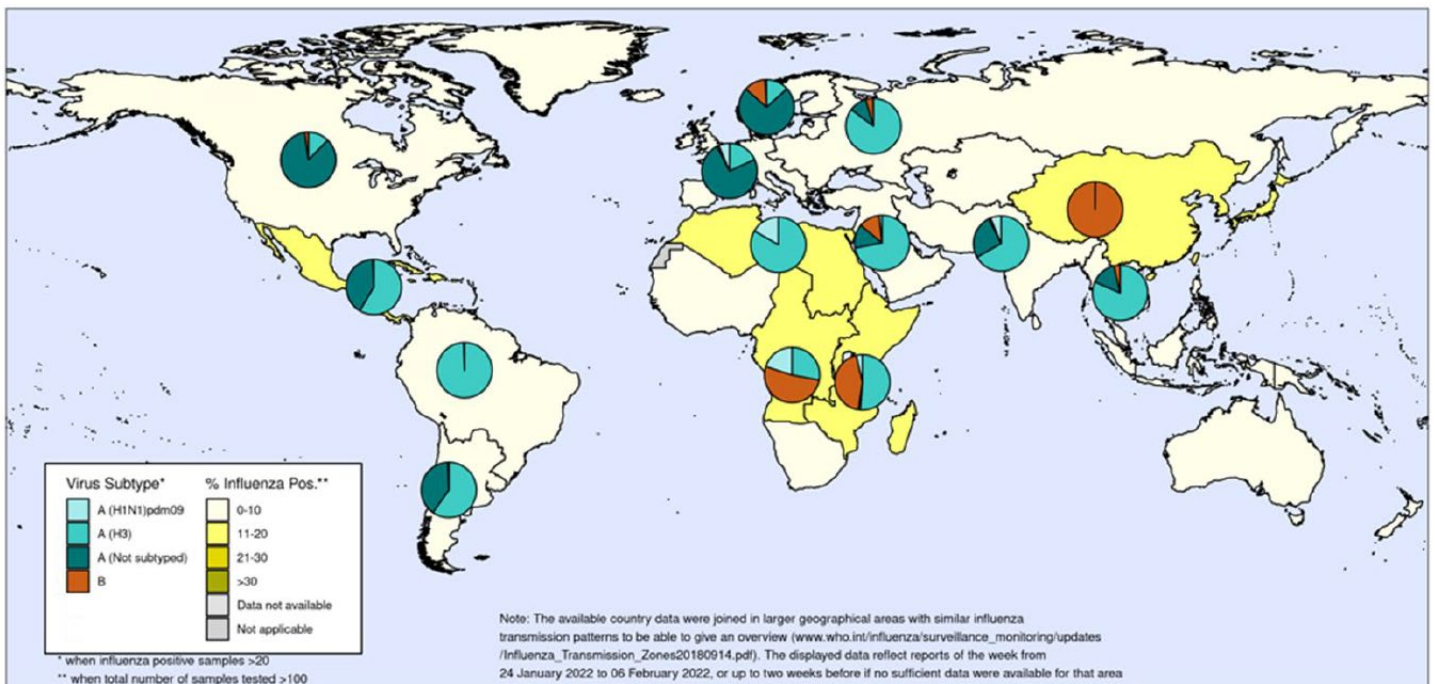
Summary

The current influenza surveillance data should be interpreted with caution as the ongoing COVID-19 pandemic has influenced to varying extents health seeking behaviours, staffing/routines in sentinel sites, as well as testing priorities and capacities in Member States. The various hygiene and physical distancing measures implemented by Member States to reduce SARS-CoV-2 virus transmission have likely played a role in reducing influenza virus transmission.

- **Globally**, influenza activity remained low and decreased this period after a peak at the end of 2021.
- In the **temperate zones of the northern hemisphere**, influenza activity decreased with detections of mainly influenza A(H3N2) viruses and B/Victoria lineage viruses reported.
- In **North America**, influenza virus detections decreased and were predominantly A(H3N2) among those detected and subtyped. Influenza detections remained low compared to similar periods in past seasons (except 2020-2021). Respiratory syncytial virus (RSV) activity decreased in the USA and Canada.
- In **Europe**, influenza activity appeared to decrease. Influenza A(H3N2) predominated.
- In **East Asia**, influenza activity with mainly influenza B/Victoria lineage detections decreased in China. Influenza illness indicators and activity remained low in the rest of the subregion.
- In **Northern Africa**, influenza activity increased with influenza A(H3N2) and A(H1N1)pdm09 detections.
- In **Western Asia**, influenza activity continued to decrease.
- In the **Caribbean and Central American countries**, some influenza activity was reported with influenza A(H3N2) predominating.
- In **tropical South America**, some influenza activity was reported with influenza A(H3N2) predominating.
- In **tropical Africa**, influenza activity was reported mainly from Eastern Africa with influenza A(H3N2) predominating followed by influenza B/Victoria lineage, and from Middle Africa with influenza B predominantly followed by influenza A (both subtypes).

- In **Southern Asia**, influenza virus detections of predominantly influenza A(H3N2) decreased.
- In **South-East Asia**, mainly influenza A(H3N2) detections were reported as well as some influenza B.
- In the **temperate zones of the southern hemisphere**, influenza activity remained low overall, although increased detections of influenza A(H3N2) were reported in some countries in temperate South America.
- National Influenza Centres (NICs) and other national influenza laboratories from 113 countries, areas or territories reported data to FluNet for the time period from 24 January 2022 to 06 February 2022 (data as of 2022-02-18 08:03:33 UTC). The WHO GISRS laboratories tested more than 490 516 specimens during that time period. A total of 12 368 were positive for influenza viruses, of which 8 423 (68.1%) were typed as influenza A and 3 945 (31.9%) as influenza B. Of the sub-typed influenza A viruses, 171 (6.4%) were influenza A(H1N1)pdm09 and 2 483 (93.6%) were influenza A(H3N2). Of the characterized B viruses, 4 (0.1%) belonged to the B-Yamagata lineage and 3 713 (99.9%) to the B-Victoria lineage.

Figure 7. Percentage of respiratory specimens that tested positive for influenza, by influenza transmission zone. Map generated on 18 February 2022



The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the World Health Organization concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. Dotted and dashed lines on maps represent approximate border lines for which there may not yet be full agreement.



Data source: Global Influenza Surveillance and Response System (GISRS), FluNet (www.who.int/flu-net)
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Source: https://www.who.int/influenza/surveillance_monitoring/updates/latest_update_GIP_surveillance/en/

About this report: Reporting agencies include labs, hospitals, long-term care and community-based care providers, physician offices, university clinic, pharmacies, and schools. Agencies are distributed throughout Summit County and report different indicators of flu activity including total lab tests, numbers of positive tests and type, antiviral prescriptions filled, school absences, and influenza like illness (ILI). Hospitalizations are lab confirmed for influenza and are obtained from the Ohio Disease Reporting System. Number of deaths associated with influenza and pneumonia are gathered from the Summit County Office of Vital Records death listings. Emergency room visits for complaints related to influenza are obtained by syndromic surveillance system (Epicenter).

Special thanks to all agencies who report Influenza related data weekly.

Reporting from participants may not be complete each week. Numbers may change as updated reports are received. For questions, please contact Joan Hall at the Summit County Public Health Communicable Disease Unit (330-375-2662 or cdu@schd.org). This report was issued on February 25, 2022.